

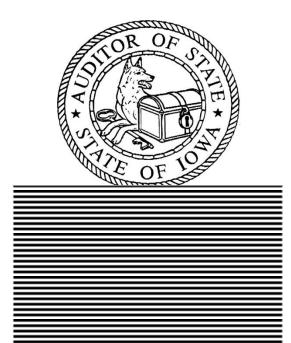
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JUNE 30, 2016

—— Office of ——

AUDITOR OF STATE

State Capitol Building • Des Moines, Iowa





OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Mary Mosiman, CPA Auditor of State

State Capitol Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 242-6134

Fellow CPAs:

This sample report has been prepared by the Office of Auditor of State as required by Chapter 11.6 of the Code of Iowa. In developing this report, we have made every effort to ensure the highest professional standards have been followed while attempting to provide meaningful and useful information to the citizens, our ultimate client.

Audits of public hospitals should be performed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and, if applicable, Title 2, U.S. <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u>, Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance). Additional guidance is provided in the Audit and Accounting Guide, <u>Health Care Organizations</u>, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Sample Hospital is an example of a report for a hospital established under Chapter 347 of the Code of Iowa. This sample has been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The format displays the financial statements, required and supplementary information and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs which are necessary to meet the requirements of this Office. The detail presented in the financial statements and supplementary information is the minimum breakdown that will be acceptable, subject, of course, to materiality considerations. If the auditor and the Hospital feel more detail is necessary to provide a fair presentation, this of course will be welcome. A sample such as this cannot present all situations. The auditor's professional judgment must be used in determining the additional information to be shown as well as the footnotes to be presented.

Hospitals with \$750,000 or more of federal expenditures are required to receive a Single Audit in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. Any questions concerning Single Audit requirements should be directed to the Hospital's cognizant or oversight agency.

In accordance with the Uniform Guidance, the reporting package and Data Collection Form shall be submitted to the central clearinghouse the earlier of 30 days after issuance of the audit report or 9 months after the reporting period. The Office of Management and Budget has designated the United States Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census as the Single Audit Clearinghouse. The Data Collection Form and reporting package must be submitted using the Clearinghouse's Internet Data Entry System at https://harvester.census.gov/facweb/. The system requires the reporting package be uploaded in a single PDF file. Both the auditee and auditor contacts receive automated emails from the Federal Audit Clearinghouse as verification of the submission.

Under Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities and Exchange Commission governing ongoing disclosure by municipalities to the bond markets, virtually any municipality which issues more than \$1 million of securities per issue is subject to an ongoing filing responsibility. All continuing disclosure submissions must be provided to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) through its Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) system. In addition, submissions must be in an electronic format (PDF) and must be in a word-searchable PDF (not scanned) format.

The findings on compliance, items IV-A-16 through IV-F-16, detail those items which are to be commented on regardless of whether there are any instances of non-compliance or not. Any instances of non-compliance in other areas should also be reported.

We have also included a page for listing the staff actually performing the audit. Although we have found this page to be helpful, you are not required to use it.

As required by Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa, the news media are to be notified of the issuance of the audit report by the CPA firm, unless the firm has made other arrangements with the Hospital for the notification. We have developed a standard news release to be used for this purpose. The news release may be completed by the Hospital and a copy should be sent to this Office with two copies of the audit report sent by the CPA firm. Report filing requirements are detailed on the attached listing. We will make a copy of the audit report and news release available to the news media in this Office.

In accordance with Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa, this Office is to be notified immediately regarding any suspected embezzlement, theft or other significant financial irregularities.

Finally, I would like to express my appreciation to all CPA firms who are providing audit or other services to public hospitals. Together, we are able to provide a significant benefit to all taxpayers in the state.

MARY MOSIMAN, CPA Auditor of State

Paper Copy Submission

Two paper copies of the audit report, including the management letter(s) if issued separately, are required to be filed with this Office upon release to the Hospital within nine months following the end of the fiscal year subject to audit. In addition to the copies of the audit report, a copy of the CPA firm's per diem audit billing, including total cost and hours, and a copy of the news release or media notification should be sent to:

Office of Auditor of State State Capitol Building Room 111 1007 East Grand Avenue Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0001

Electronic Submission

The Hospital or CPA firm must also e-mail a PDF copy of the audit report to the Auditor of State's Office at:

SubmitReports@auditor.state.ia.us

If you are unable to e-mail the file, you may mail a CD containing the PDF file to this Office. You may direct any questions about submitting the electronic copy of the audit report to the above e-mail address.

Filing Fee Submission

The filing fee should be mailed separately to:

Office of Auditor of State State Capitol Building Room 111 1007 East Grand Avenue Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0001

The designated budget strata and applicable filing fees are as follows:

Budgeted Expenditures in	Filing Fee
Millions of Dollars	Amount
Under 1	\$100.00
At least 1 but less than 3	\$175.00
At least 3 but less than 5	\$250.00
At least 5 but less than 10	\$425.00
At least 10 but less than 25	\$625.00
25 and over	\$850.00

Outline of Major Changes

- A. Implemented Title 2, U.S <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u>, Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance). The following changes have been made to the sample report.
 - References to OMB Circular A-133 were revised to the audit requirements of Title 2, U.S <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u>, Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance).
 - Comments were revised to comply with requirements of Uniform Guidance Section 200.516, Section 7 relating to audit finding detail and clarity. Also, the amount of known questioned costs required to be reported in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs by Uniform Guidance Section 200.516(a)(3) increased from \$10,000 to \$25,000.
 - Disclosure related to whether or not the Hospital elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate was added to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to comply with the requirements of Uniform Guidance Section 200.510(b)(6).
 - Revised Part I of the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to refer to Uniform Guidance Section 200.515.
- B. Implemented GASB Statement No. 72, <u>Fair Value Measurement and Application</u>. The following changes have been made to the sample report.
 - Revised the Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Investments footnote. (Note 2)
 - Added a New Accounting Pronouncement footnote. (Note 14)

Additional Notes

- 1. Also attached are a sample Corrective Action Plan for Audit Findings (See **Sample A**) and a sample Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings (See **Sample B**). These are provided for illustrative purposes only and are not required to be bound in the regular audit or filed with our Office.
- 2. The attached sample Corrective Action Plan refers the user to the Hospital's response to the auditor's comment for the detailed corrective action planned. If the Hospital's response to the auditor's comment does not include the details of its planned corrective action, this information should be included in the Corrective Action Plan itself.
- 3. In accordance with Uniform Guidance Section 200.511(a), the Corrective Action Plan and Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings must include findings relating to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 4. If the Hospital has deposits in credit unions at June 30, 2016, Note 2 should be modified to indicate whether the deposits were covered by federal depository insurance, collateralized with securities or letters of credit held by the Hospital or the Hospital's agent in the Hospital's name or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa.

Additional Notes (continued)

5. Following is an example footnote for an early retirement or other benefit plan or policy which meets the definition of a "termination benefit" as defined by GASB Statement No. 47.

Termination Benefits

- 6. In September 2015, the Hospital approved a voluntary early retirement plan for employees. Eligible employees must have completed at least fifteen years of full-time service to the Hospital and must have reached the age of fifty-five on or before June 30, 2016. The application for early retirement was subject to approval by the Board of Trustees.
- 7. Early retirement benefits are equal to 60% of the employee's regular contractual salary in effect during the employee's last year of employment, with a maximum retirement benefit of \$30,000.
- 8. The policy requires early retirement benefits be paid in three equal installments beginning January 1, 2016. The second and third payments will be paid July 1, 2016 and July 1, 2017 respectively.
- 9. At June 30, 2016, the Hospital has obligations to ten participants with a total liability of \$171,285. Early retirement expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$125,534.

Sample Entity

Corrective Action Plan

Year ended June 30, 2016

Comment Number	Comment Title	Corrective Action Plan	Contact Person, Title, Phone Number	Anticipated Date of Completion
II-A-16	Segregation of Duties	We have reviewed procedures and plan to make the necessary changes to improve internal control.	Tom Claim, Administrator, (515) YYY-XXXX	November 2, 2016
II-B-16	Financial Reporting	We will revise our current procedures to ensure the proper amounts are recorded in the financial statements in the future.	Joe Smith, Program Director, (515) YYY-XXXX	November 2, 2016
2016-001	Unsupported Expenditures	We will revise our procedures so documentation (e.g. invoices and time cards) is maintained to support federal expenditures. We returned the \$25,589 of questioned costs to the Iowa Economic Development Authority on October 3, 2016.	Tom Claim, Administrator, (515) YYY-XXXX	Documentation to support expenditures will be maintained effective immediately. The questioned costs were returned to the Iowa Economic Development Authority on October 3, 2016.
2016-002	Segregation of Duties over Federal Revenues	We have reviewed procedures and plan to make the necessary changes to improve internal control. Specifically, the custody, record-keeping and reconciling functions currently performed by the Deputy Treasurer will be separated and spread among the Treasurer, Deputy Treasurer and Clerk.	Julie Ledger, Treasurer, (515) YYY-XXXX	November 2, 2016
2016-003	Financial Reporting	We have implemented an independent review process which requires review by the Program Director, effective immediately. In addition, beginning with the December 2016 quarterly report, we will submit federal financial reports within the required time frame.	Joe Smith, Program Director, (515) YYY-XXXX	Review procedures have been implemented. Timely report filing will begin with the quarter ending December 2016.

In accordance with Uniform Guidance Section 200.511(a), the Corrective Action Plan must include findings relating to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year ended June 30, 2016

Comment Reference		Status	If not corrected, provide reason for finding's recurrence and planned corrective action or other explanation
	Minority Business Enterprise/ Women Business Enterprise (MBE/WBE)	No longer valid; does not warrant further action.	Over two years have passed since the reporting of this audit finding. The Grantor Agency has not followed up on this finding, nor has a management decision been issued on its part.
	Segregation of Duties over Federal Revenues	Not corrected.	Limited staff resulting from staff turnover. Plan to segregate duties for custody, recordkeeping and reconciling among staff when positions are filled.
III-C-14 2015-003	Capital Assets	Corrective action taken.	
2015-004	Financial Reporting	Partially corrected.	Time was necessary to develop and implement review procedures. Timely report filing will begin with the quarter ending December 2016.

In accordance with Uniform Guidance Section 200.511(a), the Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings must also include findings relating to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.



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	NEWS RELEASE	Contact:
FOR RELEASE		
Auditor of State Mary Mosiman too	lay released an audit report	t on Sample Hospital, Anywhere,
Iowa.		
The Hospital's revenues totaled \$_	for the year en	nded June 30, 2016, a(n) %
increase (decrease) from the prior	r year. The revenues incl	uded \$ of net patient
revenue, \$ of other op	perating revenue, \$	of gifts and bequests and
\$ of interest on investme	ents.	
Expenses for the year ended J	une 30, 2016 totaled \$_	
(decrease) from the prior year, a	and included \$ f	fora, \$ for
b and \$ for _	c (a,b,c - catego	ries with three highest expense
totals.)		
The significant increase (decre	ase) in revenues and e	expenses is due primarily to
A copy of the audit report is availa	able for review in the Hospi	ital Administrator's office, in the
Office of Auditor of State	_	
https://auditor.jowa.gov/audit-re		

SAMPLE HOSPITAL

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

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Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
Samuel Smith	Chairperson	Jan 2019
Frank Jones	Vice-Chairperson	Jan 2019
Frieda Friend	Secretary/Treasurer	Jan 2017
R. W. Jarvis Verne Wilson Arthur Johnson J. Frank Smith	Member Member Member Member	Jan 2017 Jan 2017 Jan 2019 Jan 2019
Adam Administration	Administrator	Indefinite
B.C. Accountant	Chief Financial Officer	Indefinite





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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees of Sample Hospital:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Sample Hospital as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related Notes to Financial Statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Hospital's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sample Hospital as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 11, a claim in excess of professional liability insurance coverage has been asserted against Sample Hospital. Legal counsel and management are unable to estimate the ultimate cost, if any, that may result from the resolution of the claim. Accordingly, no provision for claims in excess of professional liability insurance coverage has been made in the accompanying financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Hospital Contributions and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 9 through 14 and 39 through 45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Sample Hospital's basic financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 9, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by Title 2, U.S. <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u>, Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

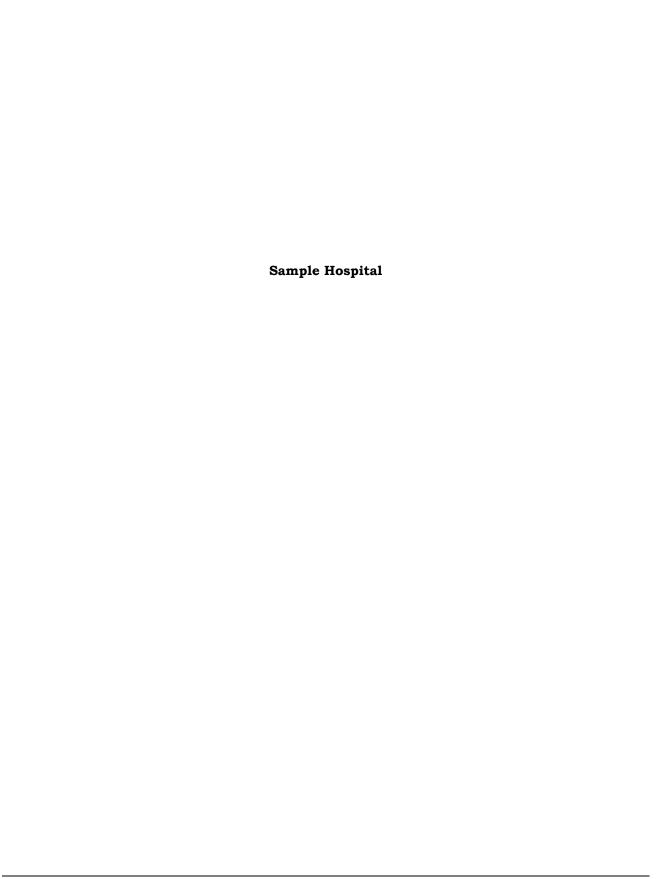
The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2016 on our consideration of Sample Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Sample Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MARY MOSIMAN, CPA Auditor of State

September 23, 2016



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management of Sample Hospital provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Hospital's financial statements, which follow.

2016 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Hospital's operating loss increased 7.5%, or approximately \$59,000, from fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2016, primarily due to an increase in personnel costs.
- Net patient service revenue increased 10.9%, or approximately \$173,000, from fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2016, primarily due to increased fees for hospital patients.
- Gifts and bequests increased 162.7%, or approximately \$80,000, from fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2016, primarily due to an increase in restricted donations.
- The Hospital's net position increased approximately \$253,000, from June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016.

2015 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Hospital's operating loss decreased 22.8%, or approximately \$232,000, from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2015.
- Net patient service revenue increased 19.0%, or approximately \$252,000, from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2015, primarily due to increased fees for hospital patients.
- Operating expenses increased less than 1%, or approximately \$20,000, from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2015.
- Gifts and bequests decreased 59.7%, or approximately \$73,000, from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2015 due to a decrease in restricted donations.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the Hospital's financial activities.

The basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and a Statement of Cash Flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the Hospital on a comparative basis, including resources held by the Hospital but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the Hospital's budget for the year, the Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions, as well as presenting the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the operations of the Hospital. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various federal programs benefiting the Hospital.

REPORTING THE HOSPITAL'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

One of the most important questions asked about the Hospital's finances is "Is the Hospital as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report information about the Hospital's resources and its activities in a way which helps answer this question. These statements include all assets (restricted and unrestricted), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Hospital's net position, which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as one way to measure the Hospital's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Hospital's net position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. Additional factors, such as changes in the Hospital's patient base, changes in legislation and regulations, measures of the quantity and quality of services provided to its patients and local economic conditions, are also important in making this determination.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from four defined types of activities. It provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for and what was the change in cash and cash equivalents during the reporting period.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE HOSPITAL

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The Hospital's net position decreased approximately \$2,748,000 from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2015 and increased approximately \$253,000 (18.3%) from fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2016.

Statement of Net Position					
		June 30,			
	•		2014		
	2016	2015	(Not Restated)		
Current assets	\$ 767,900	727,950	808,200		
Restricted assets	742,600	677,250	659,400		
Capital assets	1,224,600	1,180,600	1,023,840		
Total assets	2,735,100	2,585,800	2,491,440		
Deferred outflows of resources	571,342	587,066	-		
Current liabilities	213,000	243,300	200,300		
Long-term liabilities	3,715,338	3,115,357	715,000		
Total liabilities	3,928,338	3,358,657	915,300		
Deferred inflows of resources	506,384	1,195,364	209,000		
Net position:	•				
Net investment in capital assets	534,600	469,600	447,500		
Restricted:					
Nonexpendable	300,000	228,000	224,000		
Expendable	56,100	57,000	52,000		
Unrestricted	(2,018,980)	(2,135,755)	643,640		
Total net position	\$ (1,128,280)	(1,381,155)	1,367,140		

Restricted nonexpendable net assets increased \$72,000 from fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2016, primarily due to the increase of \$75,100 in restricted donations. Restricted nonexpendable net assets increased \$4,000 from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2015.

Unrestricted net position increased \$116,775 from fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2016, primarily due to an increase in net patient revenue. Unrestricted net position decreased \$2,779,395 from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2015, primarily due to the pension liability recognized.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27</u>, was implemented during fiscal year 2015. The beginning net position as of July 1, 2014 was restated by \$2,923,710 to retroactively report the net pension liability as of June 30, 2013 and deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after June 30, 2013 but prior to July 1, 2014. The financial statement amounts for fiscal years 2013 and 2014 for the net pension liability, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources were not restated because the information was not available. In the past, pension expense was the amount of the Hospital's contribution. Current reporting provides a more comprehensive measure of pension expense which is more reflective of the amounts employees earned during the year.

The following shows the changes in net position for the Hospital.

Statement of Revenues, Expense				
	Year	Year ended June 30,		
			2014	
	2016	2015 (I	Not Restated	
Operating revenues:				
Net patient service revenue	\$ 1,752,500	1,579,700	1,327,400	
Other operating revenues	18,700	27,100	28,300	
Total operating revenues	1,771,200	1,606,800	1,355,700	
Operating expenses:	<u>-</u>			
Nursing service	1,143,926	1,081,140	1,065,848	
Other professional service	670,414	576,503	582,800	
General service	373,321	347,113	349,412	
Fiscal and administrative service	342,864	302,529	289,700	
Provision for depreciation	83,400	83,400	83,400	
Total operating expenses	2,613,925	2,390,685	2,371,160	
Operating loss	(842,725)	(783,885)	(1,015,460)	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Grants	750,000	701,000	712,500	
County tax revenue	212,000	207,000	205,000	
Gifts and bequests	129,000	49,100	121,700	
Interest expense	(36,700)	(39,100)	(35,900	
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment	(1,800)	200	1,700	
Investment income	43,100	41,100	39,700	
Net non-operating revenues	1,095,600	959,300	1,044,700	
Changes in net position	252,875	175,415	29,240	
Net position beginning of year, as restated	(1,381,155)	(1,556,570)	1,337,900	
Net position end of year	\$ (1,128,280)	(1,381,155)	1,367,140	

Operating Losses

The first component of the overall change in the Hospital's net position is its operating loss, which is the sum of net patient service and other operating revenues reduced by the expenses incurred to perform those services. In each of the past three years, the Hospital has reported an operating loss. This is consistent with the Hospital's recent operating history as the Hospital was formed and is operated primarily to serve residents of Sample County and the surrounding area. The Hospital levies property tax to provide resources to enable the Hospital to serve lower income and other residents without the ability to pay for services received.

The operating loss for fiscal year 2016 increased \$58,840, or 7.5%, compared to fiscal year 2015.

The primary components of the increased operating loss for fiscal year 2016 are:

- An increase in net patient service revenue of approximately \$173,000, or 11.0%, due to increased fees for hospital patients.
- An increase in operating expenses of approximately \$223,000, or 9.3%, as a result of personnel costs.

Non-operating revenues and expenses consist primarily of property tax, grants, gifts and bequests and investment income. Grants and investment income remained relatively constant in fiscal year 2016 as compared to fiscal year 2015, but gifts and bequests increased \$79,900, or 162.7%, primarily due to an increase in restricted donations of \$75,100 from fiscal year 2015 to fiscal year 2016.

The operating loss for fiscal year 2015 decreased \$231,575, or 22.8%, compared to fiscal year 2014.

The primary component of the decreased operating loss for fiscal year 2015 was an increase in net patient service revenue of approximately \$252,000, or 19.0%, as a result of increased fees for hospital services to patients.

Non-operating revenues and expenses consist primarily of property tax, grants, gifts and bequests and investment income. Investment income remained relatively constant in fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014. Gifts and bequests decreased \$72,600, or 59.7%, primarily due to a decrease in restricted donations of \$70,000 from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2015. Grant income decreased \$11,500, or 2.2%, in fiscal year 2015 compared to fiscal year 2014 due to reduced federal grants received from the Iowa Department of Public Health.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2016, the Hospital had \$1,224,600 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, as detailed in Note 4 to the financial statements. In fiscal year 2016, the Hospital acquired or constructed capital assets costing \$133,400, financed by funds designated by the Board of Trustees.

At June 30, 2015, the Hospital had \$1,180,600 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, as detailed in Note 4 to the financial statements. The Hospital did not acquire any capital assets during fiscal year 2015.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2016, the Hospital had outstanding revenue bonds and an equipment note totaling \$690,000, as detailed in Note 7 to the financial statements. The Hospital issued no new debt in fiscal year 2016.

At June 30, 2015, the Hospital had outstanding revenue bonds and an equipment note totaling \$711,000, as detailed in Note 7 to the financial statements. During fiscal year 2015, the Hospital entered into a \$90,000 note for the purchase of equipment. The beginning outstanding debt was restated for the net pension liability of \$3,302,900.

The Hospital's formal debt issuances, revenue bonds, are subject to limitations imposed by state law. There have been no changes in the Hospital's debt ratings during the past two years.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Sample Hospital continued to improve its financial position during the current fiscal year. However, the current condition of the economy in the state continues to be a concern for Hospital officials. Some of the realities which may potentially become challenges for the Hospital to meet are:

- Drug costs will continue to increase.
- Facilities at the Hospital require constant maintenance and upkeep.
- Shortages of qualified employees.
- Potential changes in Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement rates.

The Hospital anticipates the current fiscal year will be much like the last and will maintain a close watch over resources to maintain the Hospital's ability to react to unknown issues.

CONTACTING THE HOSPITAL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our patients, suppliers, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the Hospital's finances and to show the Hospital's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report and or need additional financial information, contact Hospital Business Administration, 201 Main Street, City of Anywhere, Iowa 50XXX-XXXX.



Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2016 and 2015

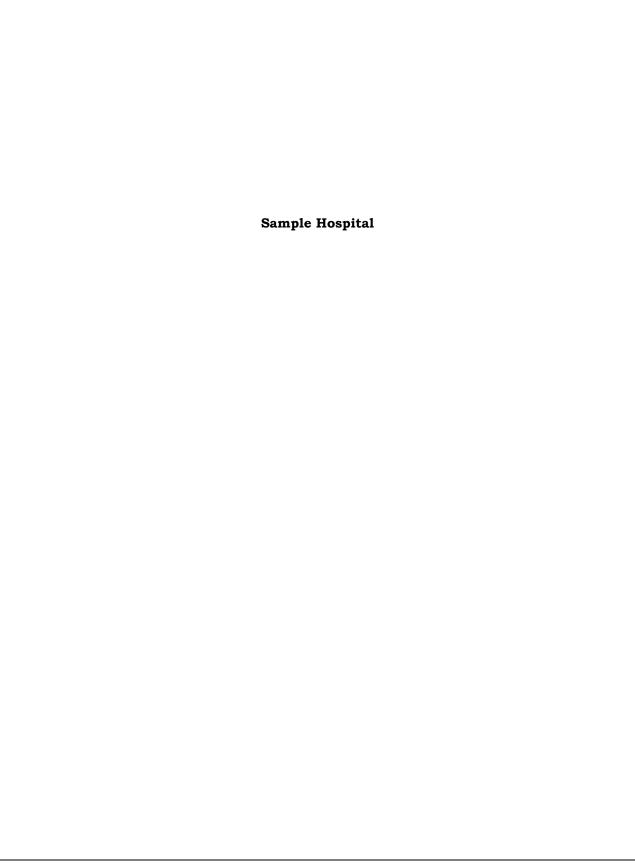
	 2016	2015
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 200	47,100
Receivables:		
Accounts, less an allowance for doubtful accounts		
of \$70,000 in 2016 and \$60,000 in 2015	349,000	335,000
Delinquent property tax	11,000	10,000
Succeeding year property tax	218,000	213,000
Accrued interest	9,000	5,750
Estimated amount due from contracting agencies	50,000	-
Pledges, less an allowance for doubtful pledges		
of \$7,090 in 2016 and \$6,700 in 2015	9,000	11,000
Other	3,400	3,000
Inventory	90,000	80,000
Pre paid expense	24,000	19,000
Other assets	 4,300	4,100
Total current assets	 767,900	727,950
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	742,600	677,250
Capital assets:		
Land and construction in progress not being depreciated/amortized	48,700	25,000
Other capital assets being depreciated/amortized	1,651,500	1,551,800
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	 (475,600)	(396,200)
Net capital assets	 1,224,600	1,180,600
Total noncurrent assets	 1,967,200	1,857,850
Total assets	2,735,100	2,585,800
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension related deferred outflows	 571,342	587,066

Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Excess of outstanding checks over bank balance	21,500	-
Current maturities of long-term debt	25,000	21,000
Accounts payable	77,200	148,000
Accrued salaries and wages	64,200	53,500
Payroll taxes withheld and accrued	5,700	3,100
Credit balances in patient accounts	11,200	9,100
Estimated amount due to contracting agencies	-	3,500
Other current liabilities	8,200	5,100
Total current liabilities	213,000	243,300
Long-term liabilities:		
Bonds payable	584,000	600,000
Note payable	81,000	90,000
Net pension liability	2,892,438	2,343,057
Net OPEB liability	157,900	82,300
Total long-term liabilities	3,715,338	3,115,357
Total liabilities	3,928,338	3,358,657
Deferred Inflows of Resources	·	
Unavailable property tax revenue	218,000	213,000
Pension related deferred inflows	288,384	982,364
Total deferred inflows of resources	506,384	1,195,364
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	534,600	469,600
Restricted:		
Nonexpendable	300,000	228,000
Expendable	56,100	57,000
Unrestricted	(2,018,980)	(2,135,755)
Total net position	\$ (1,128,280)	(1,381,155)

See notes to financial statements.



Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Operating revenues:		
Patient service revenue	\$ 1,835,000	1,674,000
Less:		
Provision for bad debts	(55,000)	(47,000)
Contractual adjustments	(17,600)	(45,000)
Discounts and allowances	(9,900)	(2,300)
Net patient service revenue	1,752,500	1,579,700
Other operating revenues	18,700	27,100
Total operating revenues	1,771,200	1,606,800
Operating expenses:		
Nursing service	1,143,926	1,081,140
Other professional service	670,414	576,503
General service	373,321	347,113
Fiscal and administrative service	342,864	302,529
Provision for depreciation/amortization	83,400	83,400
Total operating expenses	2,613,925	2,390,685
Operating loss	(842,725)	(783,885)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Grants	750,000	701,000
County tax revenue	212,000	207,000
Gifts and bequests	129,000	49,100
Interest expense	(36,700)	(39,100)
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment	(1,800)	200
Investment income	43,100	41,100
Net non-operating revenues	1,095,600	959,300
Change in net position	252,875	175,415
Net position beginning of year	(1,381,155)	(1,556,570)
Net position end of year	\$ (1,128,280)	(1,381,155)

See notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		_
Cash received from patient services	\$ 1,675,300	1,544,200
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(945,266)	(1,148,787)
Cash paid to employees for services	(1,627,034)	(1,325,713)
Other operating revenues	25,300	34,700
Net cash used for operating activities	(871,700)	(895,600)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Grants received	760,000	701,000
County tax received	211,000	205,000
Unrestricted contributions received	49,700	44,100
Net cash provided by non-capital		
financing activities	1,020,700	950,100
Cash flows from capital and related		
financing activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(133,400)	-
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(21,000)	(15,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds		
and equipment contracts	(36,700)	(39,100)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	4,200	-
Temporarily restricted contributions received	71,200	-
Net cash used for capital and related		
financing activities	(115,700)	(54,100)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments	(150,000)	(89,000)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	78,000	80,000
Interest on investments	45,950	39,800
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activites	(26,050)	30,800
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	7,250	31,200
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	496,350	465,150
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$ 503,600	496,350

Statement of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	 2016	2015
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents		
to the Statements of Net Position:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 200	47,100
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	524,900	449,250
Excess of outstanding checks over bank balance	 (21,500)	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 503,600	496,350
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash		
used for operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (842,725)	(783,885)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to		
net cash used for operating activities:		
Depreciation/amortization	83,400	83,400
Net position released from restrictions	(5,000)	(1,000)
Increase in accounts receivable	(15,000)	(21,000)
Increase in estimated amount due from contracting agencies	(50,000)	-
(Increase) decrease in other receivables	(400)	1,600
Increase in inventory	(10,000)	-
Increase in prepaid expense	(5,000)	(5,000)
Increase in other assets	(200)	(100)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	11,500	(14,700)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and wages	10,700	(27,600)
Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes		
withheld and accrued	2,600	(3,000)
Increase (decrease) in credit balances in patient accounts	2,100	(4,000)
Decrease in estimated amount due to contracting agencies	(3,500)	(10,500)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	3,100	(6,800)
Decrease in net pension liability	549,381	(959,843)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	15,724	(207,836)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	(693,980)	982,364
Increase in other postemployment benefits	 75,600	82,300
Total adjustments	 (28,975)	(111,715)
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (871,700)	(895,600)

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Sample Hospital is a County public hospital organized under Chapter 347 of the Code of Iowa which is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees elected for terms of six years.

The Hospital's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Sample Hospital has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Hospital has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Hospital are such that exclusion would cause the Hospital's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Hospital to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Hospital. Sample Hospital has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Statement of Net Position displays the Hospital's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories/components:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position:

 $\underline{\textit{Nonexpendable}}$ – Nonexpendable net position is subject to externally imposed stipulations which require them to be maintained permanently by the Hospital.

<u>Expendable</u> – Expendable net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available for use, generally it is the Hospital's policy to use restricted net position first.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

D. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> and Net Position

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the statement of net position:

<u>Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments</u> – The Hospital considers savings accounts and all other highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u> – Accounts receivable are shown at the amount expected to be collected after determining the allowance for doubtful accounts based on an aging of all the individual patient balances.

<u>Inventory</u> – Inventory is valued at historical cost using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> – Restricted assets consist primarily of funds designated by the Board of Trustees for the improvement, replacement and expansion of capital assets. The Board retains control over these funds and may, at its discretion, subsequently use them for other purposes. Gifts and bequests whose use is restricted are also included in restricted assets.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets are carried at cost. The Hospital computes depreciation/amortization on buildings, intangibles and equipment using primarily the straight-line method. Lives for the building and land improvements are fifteen to fifty years, lives for intangibles are from two to twenty years and lives for equipment range from ten to thirty years.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> – Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the Hospital after the measurement date but before the end of the Hospital's reporting period.

<u>Pledges Receivable</u> – Pledges, less a provision for uncollectible amounts, are recorded as a receivable in the year made.

Property Tax Receivable – Property tax receivable is recognized on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Trustees to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the Board of Trustees is required to certify the budget in March of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Investments</u> – Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the reported sales price and current exchange rates at June 30, 2016.

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> – Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on IPERS' investments.

F. Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For purposes of display, transactions deemed by management to be ongoing, major or central to the provision of health care services are reported as operating revenues and expenses. Property tax levied to finance the current year is included as non-operating revenues and peripheral or incidental transactions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

G. Net Patient Service Revenue

Patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payers and a provision for uncollectable accounts. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

H. Charity Care

The Hospital provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Revenue from services to these patients is automatically recorded in the accounting system at the established rates, but the Hospital does not pursue collection of the amounts. The resulting adjustments are recorded as bad debts or adjustments to patient service revenue, depending on the timing of the charity determination.

(2) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Hospital's deposits in banks at June 30, 2016 and 2015 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Hospital is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Trustees; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts, and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2016, the Hospital had the following investments:

	Fair		
Investment	Value	Maturity	
U.S. Treasury Bonds, June 30, 2016	\$ 217,700	January 2017	
U.S. Treasury Bonds, June 30, 2015	228,000	November 2016	

The Hospital uses the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The recurring fair value measurements for the U.S. Treasury Bonds was determined using the last sales price at current exchange rates. (Level 1 inputs)

The Hospital had no other investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72.

Interest rate risk - The Hospital's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Hospital.

(3) Estimated Amounts Due From and Due to Contracting Agencies

The Hospital has entered into reimbursement agreements with the Social Security Administration and Hospital Service, Inc. of Iowa for services rendered to Medicare, Medicaid and Wellmark patients. The reimbursements are based on the costs of caring for these patients as determined by cost findings prepared annually. However, reimbursements cannot exceed the charges for the patient service. Medicare and Medicaid allow any excess of cost over charges to be carried forward and recovered in the subsequent two years. Recovery is limited to the extent the cost finding for either year shows an excess of charges over costs.

Under the reimbursement agreements, interim payments at prevailing rates have been made to the Hospital during the year. The annual cost findings indicated the agencies owed the Hospital approximately \$50,000 at June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2015, the Hospital owed the agencies approximately \$3,500. A carry-over resulting from an excess of cost over charges of approximately \$46,500 will expire June 30, 2017.

(4) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

]	Balance	Balance		
	В	Beginning			End
		of Year	Additions	Deletions	of Year
Year ended June 30, 2016:					
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:					
Land	\$	25,000	-	-	25,000
Construction in progress		-	23,700	-	23,700
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated/amortized		25,000	23,700	-	48,700
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:					
Buildings		637,500	-	-	637,500
Improvements other than buildings		27,000	-	-	27,000
Intangibles		25,000	-	-	25,000
Fixed equipment		421,200	37,100	6,000	452,300
Major moveable equipment		441,100	72,600	4,000	509,700
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized		1,551,800	109,700	10,000	1,651,500
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:					
Buildings		194,000	16,000	-	210,000
Improvements other than buildings		9,500	3,100	-	12,600
Intangibles		12,500	1,250	-	13,750
Fixed equipment		92,000	30,000	2,000	120,000
Major moveable equipment		88,200	33,050	2,000	119,250
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		396,200	83,400	4,000	475,600
Total capital assets being					
depreciated/amortized, net		1,155,600	26,300	6,000	1,175,900
Total capital assets, net	\$	1,180,600	50,000	6,000	1,224,600

		Balance			Balance
	Beginning				End
	of Year		Additions	Deletions	of Year
Year ended June 30, 2015:					
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:					
Land	\$	25,000	-	-	25,000
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:					
Buildings		637,500	-	-	637,500
Improvements other than buildings		27,000	-	-	27,000
Intangibles		25,000	-	_	25,000
Fixed equipment		421,200	-	_	421,200
Major moveable equipment		441,100	-	-	441,100
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized		1,551,800	-	-	1,551,800
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:					
Buildings		178,000	16,000	_	194,000
Improvements other than buildings		6,400	3,100	_	9,500
Intangibles		11,250	1,250	-	12,500
Fixed equipment		62,000	30,000	-	92,000
Major moveable equipment		55,150	33,050	-	88,200
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		312,800	83,400	-	396,200
Total capital assets being					
depreciated/amortized, net		1,239,000	(83,400)	-	1,155,600
Total capital assets, net	\$	1,264,000	(83,400)	-	1,180,600

(5) Construction Commitment

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Hospital entered into a construction contract totaling approximately \$85,000 to remodel existing laboratory facilities. At June 30, 2016, \$23,700 of the project had been completed. Financing for the new construction is being provided by funds designated by the Board of Trustees.

(6) Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the Hospital, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the Hospital are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code Chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

Protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age, which is generally at age 55. The formula used to calculate a protection occupation member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for years of service greater than 22 but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> - A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> - Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2016, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 5.95% of covered payroll and the Hospital contributed 8.93% of covered payroll for a total rate of 14.88%. Protective occupation members contributed 6.56% of covered payroll and the Hospital contributed 9.84% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 16.40%.

The Hospital's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$394,260.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2016, the Hospital reported a liability of \$2,892,438 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Hospital's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Hospital's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the Hospital's proportion was .058546%, which was a decrease of .000534% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Hospital recognized pension expense of \$265,385. At June 30, 2016, the Hospital reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of F	Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$	44,186	6,163
Changes of assumptions		80,519	95
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on IPERS' investments		-	257,725
Changes in proportion and differences between			
Hospital contributions and the Hospital's			
proportionate share of contributions		52,377	24,401
Hospital contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		394,260	-
Total	\$	571,342	288,384

\$394,260 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Hospital contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	
Ending	
June 30,	Amount
2017	\$ (79,947)
2018	(79,947)
2019	(79,947)
2020	128,642
2021	 (103)
Total	\$ (111,302)

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement as follows:

Rate of inflation

(effective June 30, 2014)

Rates of salary increase

(effective June 30, 2010)

Long-term investment rate of return
(effective June 30, 1996)

Wage growth

(effective June 30, 1990)

A 3.00% per annum.

4.00 to 17.00% average, including inflation.

Rates vary by membership group.

7.50% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.

4.00% per annum based on 3.00% inflation and 1.00% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
0 1 5 1:	200/	2.040/
Core plus fixed income	28%	2.04%
Domestic equity	24	6.29
International equity	16	6.75
Private equity/debt	11	11.32
Real estate	8	3.48
Credit opportunities	5	3.63
U.S. TIPS	5	1.91
Other real assets	2	6.24
Cash	1	(O.71)
Total	100%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the Hospital will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% lower (6.50%) or 1% higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
Hospital's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$5,213,116	2,892,438	933,808

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

<u>Payables to IPERS</u> - At June 30, 2016, the Hospital reported payables to IPERS of \$29,833 for legally required Hospital contributions and \$19,878 for legally required employee contributions withheld from employee wages which had not yet been remitted to IPERS.

(7) Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 is as follows:

	 Balance			Balance	Due
	Beginning			End	Within
	of Year	Additions	Reductions	of Year	One Year
Year ended June 30, 2016:					
Bonds payable	\$ 621,000	-	21,000	600,000	16,000
Note payable	90,000	-	-	90,000	9,000
Net pension liability	2,343,057	549,381	-	2,892,438	-
Net OPEB liability	 82,300	102,200	26,600	157,900	
Total	\$ 3,136,357	651,581	47,600	3,740,338	25,000
	Balance				
	Beginning			Balance	Due
	of Year			End	Within
	 as restated	Additions	Reductions	of Year	One Year
Year ended June 30, 2015:					
Bonds payable	\$ 636,000	-	15,000	621,000	21,000
Note payable	-	90,000	-	90,000	-
Net pension liability	3,302,900	-	959,843	2,343,057	
Net OPEB liability	_	101,900	19,600	82,300	
Total	\$ 3,938,900	191,900	994,443	3,136,357	21,000

The bonds payable are revenue bonds issued under the provisions of Chapter 331.461 of the Code of Iowa and, as such, the Hospital has pledged future revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the bonds. The bonds were issued in 2011 and the proceeds provided financing for building improvements. The bonds are payable solely from revenue from operations of the Hospital and are payable through 2036. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 17% of the change in net position. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,035,527. For the current year, principal and interest paid and the change in net position (plus depreciation expense) were \$55,000 and \$336,275, respectively. The details of the Hospital's bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year					
Ending	Interest				
June 30,	Rates	Ī	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	5.50%	\$	16,000	33,000	49,000
2018	5.50		17,000	32,120	49,120
2019	5.50		18,000	31,185	49,185
2020	5.75		20,000	31,568	51,568
2021	5.75		22,000	30,418	52,418
2022-2026	5.75-6.50		131,000	137,208	268,208
2027-2031	6.25-6.50		171,000	99,143	270,143
2032-2036	6.50		205,000	40,885	245,885
Total		\$	600,000	435,527	1,035,527

The Hospital has reserved the right to call any of these bonds prior to maturity on or after November 1, 2019.

The note payable is for equipment purchased in 2015 and has a principal balance outstanding of \$90,000 at June 30, 2016. The note is secured by the equipment purchased. This note is payable in equal yearly installments of \$9,000 plus interest through the year ending June 30, 2026. The interest rate on the note is 7.5% per annum.

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Hospital operates a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. There are 200 active and 12 retired members in the plan. Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug benefits are provided through a fully-insured plan with Wellmark. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and an OPEB liability.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Hospital. The Hospital currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The Hospital's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the Hospital, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding which, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the Hospital's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2016, the amount contributed to the plan and changes in the Hospital's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 101,500
Interest on net OPEB obligation	4,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(3,300)
Annual OPEB cost	102,200
Contributions made	(26,600)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	75,600
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	 82,300
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ 157,900

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2008. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Hospital contributed \$26,600 to the medical plan. Plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$24,900, or 48% of the premium costs.

The Hospital's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation are summarized as follows:

Year		Percentage of	Net
Ended	Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB
June 30,	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
2014	\$ 101,500	36.9%	\$ 64,000
2015	101,900	19.2	82,300
2016	102,200	26.0	157,900

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> - As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016, the actuarial accrued liability was approximately \$748,000, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of approximately \$748,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$3,887,000 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 19.6%. As of June 30, 2016, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan, presented as Required Supplementary Information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation date, the unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 5% discount rate based on the Hospital's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is 11%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 6%. The medical trend rate is reduced 0.5% each year until reaching the 6% ultimate trend rate. An inflation rate of 0% is assumed for the purpose of this computation.

Mortality rates are from the RP2000 Group Annuity Mortality Table, applied on a gender-specific basis. Annual retirement and termination probabilities were developed from the retirement probabilities from the IPERS Actuarial Report as of June 30, 2014 and applying the termination factors used in the IPERS Actuarial Report as of June 30, 2014.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$823 per month for retirees less than age 65 and \$283 per month for retirees who have attained age 65. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 4% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

(9) Interest Cost

The Hospital's policy is to capitalize interest cost on construction in progress to the extent such construction is capitalized in the Statement of Net Position. When the financing for such construction is not associated with a specific borrowing, the Hospital determines the capitalization rate based on the rates applicable to borrowings outstanding during the period. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Hospital capitalized \$1,422 of interest cost using a capitalization rate of 6% and incurred total interest cost of \$38,122.

(10) Operating Leases

The Hospital has entered into agreements to lease laboratory and pharmacy equipment. These leases have been classified as operating leases and, accordingly, all rents are charged to expenses as incurred. The leases expire between January 1, 2017 and June 30, 2021. Certain leases are renewable for additional periods. Some of the leases also require the payment of normal maintenance and insurance on the properties. In most cases, management expects the leases will be renewed or replaced by other leases.

A schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases which have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Year		
Ending	June	30,
June 30,	 2016	2015
2016	\$ -	50,800
2017	47,100	47,100
2018	36,700	36,700
2019	22,600	22,600
2020	6,000	6,000
2021	 1,000	1,000
Total	\$ 113,400	164,200

Total rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 for all operating leases, except those with terms of a month or less which were not renewed, was \$50,800.

Total rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2015 for all operating leases, except those with terms of a month or less which were not renewed, was \$52,700.

(11) Contingent Liability

The Hospital has been named a co-defendant in a malpractice suit relating to care provided to a patient in May, 2014. The total amount of the suit, \$5,100,000, exceeds the applicable insurance coverage of the Hospital. The action is in its early stages and may ultimately be tried before a jury. Legal counsel is unable to evaluate the eventual outcome of the suit. Since the amount of the contingency arising from the claim cannot be reasonably estimated, no provision has been made.

(12) Risk Management

Sample Hospital is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. The Hospital assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

(13) Deficit Balance

The Hospital had a deficit unrestricted balance of \$2,018,980 at June 30, 2016, primarily due to the net pension liability.

(14) New Accounting Pronouncement

The Hospital adopted fair value guidance as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, <u>Fair Value Measurement and Application</u>. The Statement sets forth guidance for determining and disclosing the fair value of assets and liabilities reported in the financial statements. Adoption of the guidance did not have a significant impact on amounts reported or disclosed in the financial statements.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual (Cash Basis)

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2016

						Final to
						rinai to
	Actual	Accrual	Actual			Actual
	Accrual	Adjust-	Cash	Budgeted.	Amounts	Cash Basis
	Basis	ments	Basis	Original	Amended	Variance
Estimated amount to be						
raised by taxation	\$ 212,000	(1,000)	211,000	203,000	203,000	8,000
Estimated other revenues/						
receipts	2,693,300	(372,450)	2,320,850	2,385,000	2,400,000	(79,150)
	2,905,300	(373,450)	2,531,850	2,588,000	2,603,000	(71,150)
Expenses/disbursements	2,652,425	(139,025)	2,513,400	2,670,000	2,685,000	171,600
Net	252,875	(234,425)	18,450	(82,000)	(82,000)	100,450
Balance beginning of year	(1,381,155)	2,105,505	724,350	782,000	782,000	(57,650)
Balance end of year	\$ (1,128,280)	1,871,080	742,800	700,000	700,000	42,800

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

June 30, 2016

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary prospective differences resulting from Sample Hospital preparing a budget on the cash basis of accounting.

The Board of Trustees annually prepares and adopts a budget designating the amount necessary for the improvement and maintenance of the Hospital on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing in accordance with Chapters 24 and 347 of the Code of Iowa. The Board of Trustees certifies the approved budget to the appropriate County Auditors. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Formal and legal budgetary control is based on total expenditures.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Hospital's expenditures did not exceed the amount budgeted.

Schedule of the Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System
For the Last Two Years*
(In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

		2016	2015
Hospital's proportion of the net pension liability	0.	058546%	0.059080%
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,892	2,343
Hospital's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,303	4,213
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		67.21%	55.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		85.19%	87.61%

 $^{^{*}}$ In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding year.

Schedule of Hospital Contributions

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Years (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 394	387	379	334
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 (394)	(387)	(379)	(334)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	_
Hospital's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,383	4,303	4,213	3,848
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	8.68%

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
302	252	234	217	201	185
(302)	(252)	(234)	(217)	(201)	(185)
	-	-	-	-	
3,739	3,632	3,525	3,415	3,318	3,226
8.08%	6.94%	6.64%	6.35%	6.06%	5.73%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Liability

Year ended June 30, 2016

Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation enacted in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3% per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Legislative action in 2008 transferred four groups – emergency medical service providers, county jailers, county attorney investigators, and National Guard installation security officers – from Regular membership to the protection occupation group for future service only.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

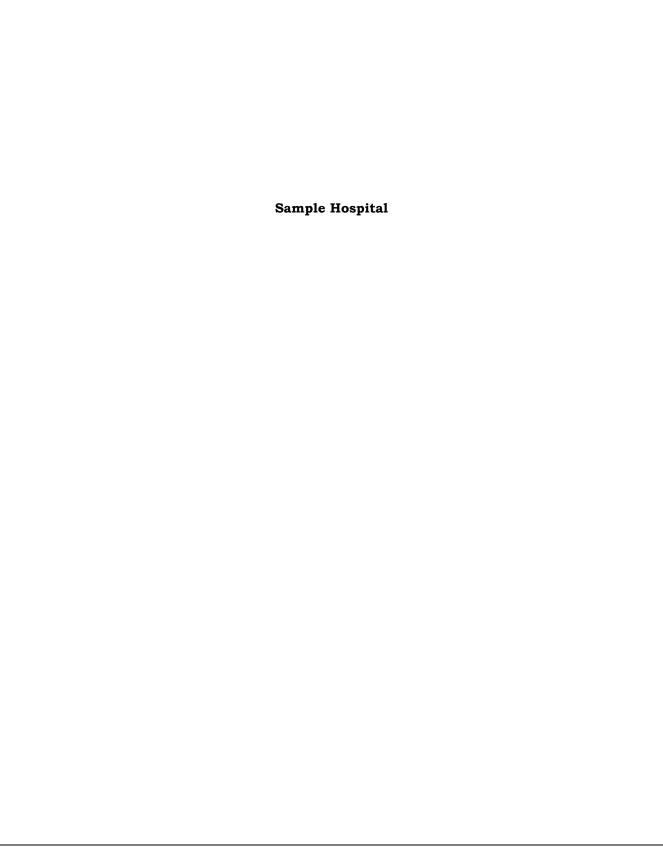
The 2007 valuation adjusted the application of the entry age normal cost method to better match projected contributions to the projected salary stream in the future years. It also included the one-year lag between the valuation date and the effective date of the annual actuarial contribution rate in the calculation of the UAL amortization payments.

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

	_		Actuarial	_		_	UAAL as a
		Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Year	Actuarial	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Ended	Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
June 30,	Date	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b - a)/c)
2011	Jul 1, 2010	-	\$ 698	698	0.0%	\$ 3,722	18.8%
2012	Jul 1, 2010	-	698	698	0.0	3,749	18.6
2013	Jul 1, 2012	-	725	725	0.0	3,769	19.2
2014	Jul 1, 2012	-	725	725	0.0	3,791	19.1
2015	Jul 1, 2014	-	748	748	0.0	3,811	19.6
2016	Jul 1, 2014	-	748	748	0.0	3,887	19.2

See Note 8 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB cost, net OPEB obligation, funded status and funding progress.





Patient Service Revenue

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

		2016		2015		
	Inpatient	Outpatient	Total	Total		
Daily patient service:						
Medical and surgical	\$ 521,017		521,017	495,522		
Obstetric	68,000	-	68,000	55,000		
Intensive care and monitor	31,454	-	31,454	34,772		
Extended care	7,895	-	7,895	9,972		
Nursery	13,534	-	13,534	12,234		
	641,900	-	641,900	607,500		
Other nursing service:						
Operating rooms	57,419	_	57,419	50,782		
Recovery rooms	8,135	-	8,135	9,242		
Delivery and labor rooms	9,660	-	9,660	9,228		
Central services and supply	64,607	7,179	71,786	54,855		
Intravenous therapy	33,725	1,406	35,131	29,523		
Emergency units	7,154	9,515	16,669	11,570		
	180,700	18,100	198,800	165,200		
Other professional service:				_		
Laboratory	275,400	22,600	298,000	266,251		
Blood transfusions	13,168	-	13,168	10,727		
Electrocardiology	29,654	1,000	30,654	33,120		
Radiology	117,846	25,000	142,846	139,420		
Pharmacy	136,640	16,360	153,000	154,620		
Oxygen	22,886	-	22,886	14,067		
Anesthesiology	55,298	2,000	57,298	61,799		
Inhalation therapy	93,158	-	93,158	72,177		
Physical therapy	160,638	6,290	166,928	139,148		
Speech therapy	13,662	-	13,662	8,270		
Ambulance	1,350	1,350	2,700	1,701		
	919,700	74,600	994,300	901,300		
Total	\$ 1,742,300	92,700	1,835,000	1,674,000		

Adjustments to Patient Service Revenue/Other Operating Revenues

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Adjustments to patient service revenue:		
Provision for bad debts	\$ (55,000)	(47,000)
Contractual adjustments	(17,600)	(45,000)
Discounts and allowances	 (9,900)	(2,300)
Total	\$ (82,500)	(94,300)
Other operating revenues:		
Meals sold to employees	\$ 6,400	7,533
Guest trays	1,880	4,000
Soft drinks	2,644	5,200
Meals-on-Wheels	1,129	3,200
Sale of supplies	312	1,392
Medical record transcripts	520	1,790
Television	408	958
Telephone	389	1,527
Other	18	500
Net position released from restrictions	 5,000	1,000
Total	\$ 18,700	27,100

Nursing Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2010	6 2015
Administrative:		
Salaries and benefits	\$ 156,786	137,868
Commuting reimbursement	4,496	4,274
Supplies and other expense	840	1,238
	162,122	143,380
Medical and surgical:		
Salaries and benefits	846,732	796,201
Supplies and other expense	10,460	14,070
	857,192	810,271
Extended care:		
Salaries and benefits	4,449	4,461
Supplies and other expense	714	900
	5,163	5,361
Intensive care and cardiac monitor:		_
Salaries and benefits	12,938	14,360
Supplies and other expense	3,672	3,962
	16,610	18,322
Obstetric:		
Salaries and benefits	4,592	3,791
Supplies and other expense	543	852
	5,135	4,643
Nursery:		_
Salaries and benefits	4,355	5,392
Supplies and other expense	498	1,386
	4,853	6,778

Nursing Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Operating room:		
Salaries and benefits	15,852	17,807
Supplies and other expense	4,244	10,456
	20,096	28,263
Recovery room:		
Salaries and benefits	12,291	8,346
Supplies and other expense	31	116
	12,322	8,462
Delivery and labor rooms:		
Salaries and benefits	2,002	2,212
Supplies and other expense	1,778	2,442
	3,780	4,654
Central services and supply:		
Salaries and benefits	5,973	10,121
Supplies and other expense	30,044	23,970
	36,017	34,091
Intravenous therapy:		_
Supplies and other expense	17,139	11,331
Emergency service:		
Salaries and benefits	2,445	4,296
Supplies and other expense	1,052	1,288
•	3,497	5,584
Total	\$ 1,143,926	1,081,140

Other Professional Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	5 2015
Administrative:		
Salaries and benefits	\$ 45,381	40,052
Professional fees	20,989	19,319
Blood	12,691	11,434
Supplies and other expense	144,840	93,244
	223,901	164,049
Electrocardiology:		
Salaries and benefits	2,649	2,711
Professional fees	5,225	7,323
Supplies and other expense	5,267	4,545
	13,141	14,579
Radiology:		
Salaries and benefits	27,808	22,813
Professional fees	53,200	52,999
Supplies and other expense	24,706	21,209
	105,714	97,021
Pharmacy:		_
Professional fees	5,250	5,250
Drugs	42,270	53,446
Supplies and other expense	2,699	2,676
	50,219	61,372
Anesthesiology:		
Salaries and benefits	37,157	31,359
Professional fees	2,531	3,875
Supplies and other expense	6,535	6,526
	46,223	41,760

Other Professional Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Inhalation therapy:		_
Salaries and benefits	40,214	31,608
Professional fees	2,016	-
Supplies and other expense	17,891	9,733
	60,121	41,341
Physical therapy:		
Professional fees	138,064	132,089
Supplies and other expense	3,149	3,035
	141,213	135,124
Ambulance service:		
Salaries and benefits	711	918
Supplies and other expense	734	277
	1,445	1,195
Medical records:	,	_
Salaries and benefits	15,813	12,170
Supplies and other expense	1,553	1,017
	17,366	13,187
Social services:		
Professional fees	-	131
Supplies and other expense	32	8
	32	139
Speech therapy:	•	_
Professional fees	10,940	6,736
Supplies and other expense	99	
	11,039	6,736
Total	\$ 670,414	576,503
	<u> </u>	

General Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	 2016	2015
Dietary:		
Salaries and benefits	\$ 95,109	75,801
Professional fees	2,080	2,120
Blood	44,938	58,420
Supplies and other expense	 4,683	2,938
	146,810	139,279
Operation of plant:		
Salaries and benefits	64,004	54,408
Repair and maintenance	4,350	8,545
Supplies	3,072	3,887
Electricity	21,799	22,410
Gas	15,513	18,320
Water	7,048	5,832
Water softener salt	3,364	2,620
Oil	377	12
Television rental	71	1,038
Other expense	 200	287
	119,798	117,359
Housekeeping:		_
Salaries and benefits	52,377	43,841
Supplies	7,354	7,025
Other expense	 764	806
	 60,495	51,672
Laundry and linen:		_
Salaries and benefits	40,124	31,463
Supplies	3,612	3,128
Other expense	 2,482	4,212
	 46,218	38,803
Total	\$ 373,321	347,113

Fiscal and Administrative Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

Accounting: Salaries and benefits \$ 54,360 47,982 Auditing 6,218 5,844 Supplies and forms 5,602 4,973 Other expense 3,185 7,343 Personnel:		-	2016	2015
Auditing 6,218 5,844 Supplies and forms 5,602 4,973 Other expense 3,185 7,343 69,365 66,142 Personnel: 3,185 7,358 Salaries and benefits 13,571 7,358 Supplies and other expense 628 494 Central stores: 14,199 7,852 Central stores: 24,192 19,642 Cost of supplies sold 5,640 4,470 Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Supplies and benefits 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 2,512	Accounting:			
Supplies and forms 5,602 4,973 Other expense 3,185 7,343 Personnel:	Salaries and benefits	\$	54,360	47,982
Other expense 3,185 7,343 Personnel: 69,365 66,142 Salaries and benefits 13,571 7,358 Supplies and other expense 628 494 Lost of supplies and benefits 24,199 7,852 Central stores: 24,192 19,642 Cost of supplies sold 5,640 4,470 Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: Salaries and benefits 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3,394 4,368 Employee welfare: 105,493 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858	Auditing		6,218	5,844
Personnel: 69,365 66,142 Salaries and benefits 13,571 7,358 Supplies and other expense 628 494 Central stores: 14,199 7,852 Central stores: 24,192 19,642 Cost of supplies sold 5,640 4,470 Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and benefits 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3,394 4,368 Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 Suppli	Supplies and forms		5,602	4,973
Personnel: 3 laries and benefits 13,571 7,358 Supplies and other expense 628 494 Central stores: 14,199 7,852 Central stores: 24,192 19,642 Cost of supplies sold 5,640 4,470 Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Salaries and benefits 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 2,715 2,118 Education: 2,536 3,568 <	Other expense		3,185	7,343
Personnel: 3 laries and benefits 13,571 7,358 Supplies and other expense 628 494 Central stores: 14,199 7,852 Central stores: 24,192 19,642 Cost of supplies sold 5,640 4,470 Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Salaries and benefits 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 2,715 2,118 Education: 2,536 3,568 <			69,365	66,142
Supplies and other expense 628 494 Central stores: 14,199 7,852 Central stores: 24,192 19,642 Cost of supplies sold 5,640 4,470 Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3,548 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: FICA and IPERS 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9	Personnel:			
Central stores: 14,199 7,852 Salaries and benefits 24,192 19,642 Cost of supplies sold 5,640 4,470 Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 30,855 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3 2,536 3,568 Supplies and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and benefits 3,394 4,368 Employee welfare: 1 1,21,309 90,969 Insurance and taxes: 1,21,309	Salaries and benefits		13,571	7,358
Central stores: 14,199 7,852 Salaries and benefits 24,192 19,642 Cost of supplies sold 5,640 4,470 Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 5,875 67,306 Salaries and benefits 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3 2,536 3,568 Supplies and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Education: 3,394 4,368 Employee welfare: 1 1,21,309 90,969 Insurance and taxes: 1,21,309	Supplies and other expense		628	494
Central stores: 30,81 19,642 Cost of supplies sold 5,640 4,470 Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 5,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and benefits 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3 3,568 Supplies and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insuranc			14.199	7.852
Cost of supplies sold 5,640 4,470 Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 30,855 25,362 Administration:	Central stores:		,	
Supplies and other expense 1,023 1,250 Administration: 30,855 25,362 Administration: 5,362 5,362 Salaries and benefits 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3 105,480 95,645 Education: 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 Total property tax 7,262 12,191 <td>Salaries and benefits</td> <td></td> <td>24,192</td> <td>19,642</td>	Salaries and benefits		24,192	19,642
Administration: Salaries and benefits 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3 95,645 Education: 3 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191	Cost of supplies sold		5,640	4,470
Administration: 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3 95,645 Education: 3 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: FICA and IPERS 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 Total property tax 7,262 12,191	Supplies and other expense		1,023	1,250
Salaries and benefits 75,875 67,306 Telephone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3 105,480 95,645 Education: 3,568 800 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 FICA and IPERS 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191			30,855	25,362
Tele phone 4,660 5,565 Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3,580 95,645 Education: 2,536 3,568 Supplies and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5	Administration:			
Supplies and forms 6,347 6,073 Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 3,340 95,645 Salaries and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5	Salaries and benefits		75,875	67,306
Postage 3,605 3,280 Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 105,480 95,645 Education: 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: 3,394 4,368 Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191	Telephone		4,660	5,565
Collection and fees 6,166 5,591 Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: Salaries and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: FICA and IPERS 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 112,309 90,969 Insurance and taxes: Liability and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191	Supplies and forms		6,347	6,073
Dues, subscriptions and licenses 3,067 4,244 Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: Salaries and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: FICA and IPERS 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: Liability and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191	Postage		3,605	3,280
Equipment rental and repair 3,045 1,468 Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: Salaries and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: FICA and IPERS 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: Liability and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191	Collection and fees		6,166	5,591
Other expense 2,715 2,118 Education: 105,480 95,645 Education: 2,536 3,568 Supplies and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: 3,394 4,368 FICA and IPERS 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191	Dues, subscriptions and licenses		3,067	4,244
Education: 105,480 95,645 Salaries and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: 3,394 4,368 Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191	Equipment rental and repair		3,045	1,468
Education: 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Supplies and other expense 858 800 Employee welfare: 3,394 4,368 Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191	Other expense		2,715	2,118
Salaries and benefits 2,536 3,568 Supplies and other expense 858 800 3,394 4,368 Employee welfare: TORA and IPERS 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Insurance and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191			105,480	95,645
Supplies and other expense 858 800 3,394 4,368 Employee welfare: 3,394 4,368 FICA and IPERS 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Liability and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191			0 = 0 =	0 7 50
3,394 4,368			*	•
Employee welfare: 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 Insurance and taxes: 112,309 90,969 Liability and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191	Supplies and other expense	-	858	800
FICA and IPERS 108,752 88,683 Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 112,309 90,969 Insurance and taxes: Liability and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191			3,394	4,368
Other employee benefits 3,557 2,286 112,309 90,969 Insurance and taxes: Liability and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191				
112,309 90,969			108,752	88,683
Insurance and taxes: 7,253 12,186 Liability and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191	Other employee benefits		3,557	2,286
Liability and property insurance 7,253 12,186 Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191			112,309	90,969
Use and property tax 9 5 7,262 12,191				
7,262 12,191	Liability and property insurance			12,186
-	Use and property tax		9	5
Total \$ 342,864 302,529			7,262	12,191
	Total	\$	342,864	302,529

Patient Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

June 30, 2016 and 2015

	An	alysis of A	ging		
	2016		2015		
			Percent		Percent
Days Since Discharge		Amount	to Total	 Amount	to Total
0-30	\$	117,000	27.92%	\$ 114,000	28.86%
31-120		94,000	22.43	89,000	22.53
121-360		67,000	15.99	63,000	15.95
361 and over		78,000	18.62	 71,000	17.98
		356,000	82.35	337,000	85.68
In hospital		63,000	15.04	 58,000	14.68
		419,000	100.00%	395,000	100.00%
Allowance for doubtful accounts		70,000		 60,000	
Total	\$	349,000	•	\$ 335,000	

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		
	Year ende	d June 30,
	2016	2015
Balance beginning of year	\$ 60,000	55,000
Provision for uncollectible accounts	55,000	47,000
Accounts written off	(45,000)	(42,000)
Balance end of year	\$ 70,000	60,000

Inventory/Prepaid Expense

June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Inventory:		_
Store room	\$ 29,669	27,917
Pharmacy	25,000	22,800
Dietary	4,481	4,577
Maintenance	7,547	6,065
Laboratory	10,500	6,263
Anesthesia	1,107	1,611
Central supply	4,492	3,200
Intravenous therapy	2,161	1,113
Other medical supplies	 5,043	6,454
Total	\$ 90,000	80,000
Prepaid expense:		
Service contracts	\$ 700	500
Dues	3,700	2,600
Insurance	17,000	13,500
Equipment rental	1,000	1,300
Group insurance advance payment	 1,600	1,100
Total	\$ 24,000	19,000

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2016

	Agency or		
	CFDA	Pass-through	Program
Grantor/Program	Number	Number	Expenditures
Direct:			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:			
Rural Health Care Services Outreach, Rural Health			
Network Development and Small Health Care			
Provider Quality Improvement Program	93.912		\$ 40,000
Indirect:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Iowa Department of Public Health:			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program			
for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	5885A100	185,000
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program			
for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	5886A100	355,000
			540,000
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:			
Iowa Department of Public Health:			
Family Planning_Services	93.217	5885FP100	61,000
Family Planning_Services	93.217	5886FP100	109,000
			170,000
Total indirect			710,000
Total			\$ 750,000

Basis of Presentation – The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Sample Hospital under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u>, Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Sample Hospital, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in financial position or cash flows of Sample Hospital.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, <u>Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments</u>, or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Sample Hospital has elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

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OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Mary Mosiman, CPA Auditor of State

State Capitol Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 242-6134

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees of Sample Hospital:

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Sample Hospital as of and for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Sample Hospital's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sample Hospital's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sample Hospital's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control we consider to be material weaknesses and a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the Hospital's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items II-A-16 and II-B-16 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item II-C-16 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sample Hospital's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Hospital's operations for the year ended June 30, 2016 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the Hospital. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Sample Hospital's Responses to the Findings

Sample Hospital's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Sample Hospital's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control over compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Hospital's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Sample Hospital during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

MARY MOSIMAN, CPA Auditor of State

September 23, 2016

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OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE

STATE OF IOWA

Mary Mosiman, CPA Auditor of State

State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 242-6134

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees of Sample Hospital:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Sample Hospital's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) <u>Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016. Sample Hospital's major federal program is identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Sample Hospital's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2, U.S. <u>Code of Federal Regulations</u>, Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Sample Hospital's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Sample Hospital's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Sample Hospital complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Sample Hospital is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Sample Hospital's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sample Hospital's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item III-A-16 to be a material weakness.

Sample Hospital's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Sample Hospital's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

MARY MOSIMAN, CPA Auditor of State

September 23, 2016

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2016

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results:

- (a) An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- (b) A significant deficiency and material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) A material weakness in internal control over the major program was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (e) An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major program.
- (f) The audit disclosed an audit finding which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.515.
- (g) The major program was CFDA Number 10.557 Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children.
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- (i) Sample Hospital did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2016

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

II-A-16 <u>Segregation of Duties</u> – One important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. The cash receipts listing, bank deposits and the posting of cash receipts to the cash receipts journal are all done by the same person. A small staff makes it difficult to establish an ideal system of automatic internal checks on accounting record accuracy and reliability.

<u>Recommendation</u> – An individual who does not have access to the accounting records should prepare the initial cash receipts listing at the time of opening the mail. This listing should be compared to the cash receipts journal and the bank deposits on a periodic basis by the Treasurer or some other accountant.

<u>Response and Corrective Action Planned</u> – We will revise our procedures as suggested. We plan to implement these changes by November 2, 2016.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

II-B-16 <u>Financial Reporting</u> – During the audit, we identified material amounts of receivables, payables and capital asset additions not recorded in the Hospital's financial statements. Adjustments were subsequently made by the Hospital to properly include these amounts in the financial statements. The errors appear to be due to employee oversight.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Hospital should implement procedures to ensure all receivables, payables and capital asset additions are identified and included in the Hospital's financial statements.

<u>Response</u> – We will revise our current procedures to ensure the proper amounts are recorded in the financial statements in the future.

<u>Conclusion</u> - Response accepted.

II-C-16 <u>Spoiled and Voided Checks</u> – Spoiled and voided checks were not retained. This appears to be due to employee oversight.

Recommendation – All spoiled and voided checks should be retained.

Response - We will retain all spoiled and voided checks.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2016

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs For Federal Awards:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCY:

CFDA Number 10.557: Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants

and Children

Pass-through Agency Number: 5885A100 and 5886A100

Federal Award Year: 2015 and 2016

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Passed through the Iowa Department of Public Health

III-A-16 Segregation of Duties over Federal Revenues – As previously identified in the fiscal year 2015 audit report as item III-A-15, the Hospital did not properly segregate collecting, depositing and posting functions for revenues, including those related to federal programs. See item II-A-16.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2016

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- IV-A-16 <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2016 did not exceed the amount budgeted.
- IV-B-16 <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> Certain expenditures we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 since the public benefits to be derived have not been clearly documented were noted. The majority of these expenditures were coded to the Administration Account. These expenditures are detailed as follows:

Paid to	Purpose	Amount
XYZ, Inc.	Employee anniversary gifts	\$ 2,000
The Department Store	Employee Christmas gift certificates	10,000
Book Shop	Amway gift booklets	1,000
Anywhere Country Club	Employee gift certificate	20
Chamber of Commerce	Dues	250
Flowers Florist	Flowers, plants, centerpieces	650
First Quality Jewelers	Gifts	100
Camp Away from Home	Donation	50
The Lodge	Building rent for employee	
	recognition party	300
Food Is Us	Meet and cheese tray for Doctor's Day	125
Cards Incorporated	Cards, gifts, prizes, miscellaneous	700
Total		\$ 15,195

According to the opinion, it is possible for certain expenses to meet the test of serving a public purpose under certain circumstances, although such expenses will certainly be subject to a deserved close scrutiny. The line to be drawn between a proper and an improper purpose is very thin.

The gift certificates for employees noted above were not accounted for through the regular payroll system and, therefore, the appropriate federal and state taxes were not withheld and the appropriate employer's share of FICA and IPERS was not paid.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Board of Trustees should thoroughly consider and document the public purpose and propriety of these expenses or, if appropriate, request reimbursement. If the practice is continued, the Hospital should establish written policies and procedures, including requirements for proper documentation and taxation. Expenditures of this nature, if allowed in the future, should be clearly identified in the accounting records.

<u>Response</u> – We will establish written policies, including appropriate taxation, and document the public purpose in the future.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

IV-C-16 <u>Travel Expense</u> – No expenditures of Hospital money for travel expenses of spouses of Hospital officials and/or employees were noted.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2016

IV-D-16 <u>Business Transactions</u> – Business transactions between the Hospital and Hospital officials are detailed as follows:

Title and	Transaction	
Connection	Description	Amount
Samuel Smith, Board Chairperson,		_
spouse of owner of Smith and		
Jones Physical Therapy, LLP	Services	\$ 1,245

This does not appear to be a voidable conflict of interest pursuant to Chapter 347.9A(2)(a) of the Code of Iowa which permits a direct interest of less than or equal to \$1,500 of transactions between a Hospital Trustee or a Hospital Trustee's spouse and the Hospital.

- IV-E-16 <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.
- IV-F-16 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the Hospital's investment policy were noted.
- IV-G-16 Publication of Bills Allowed and Salaries Chapter 347.13(11) of the Code of Iowa states, "There shall be published quarterly in each of the official newspapers of the county as selected by the board of supervisors pursuant to section 349.1 the schedule of bills allowed and there shall be published annually in such newspapers the schedule of salaries paid by job classification and category...". The Hospital did not publish a schedule of bills allowed or a schedule of salaries paid as required by the Code of Iowa.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Hospital should publish the schedule of bills allowed and salaries by job classification in accordance with Chapter 347.13(11) of the Code of Iowa and a Supreme Court decision dated September 18, 1996.

<u>Response</u> – The Hospital will comply with the publishing requirements set forth in Chapter 347.13(11) of the Code of Iowa and the Supreme Court Case dated September 18, 1996.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

IV-H-16 <u>Financial Condition</u> – The Hospital has a deficit unrestricted fund balance of \$2,018,980 at June 30, 2016.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Hospital should investigate alternatives to eliminate this deficit to return this fund to a sound financial position.

<u>Response</u> – The deficit was the result of recognizing the Hospital's proportionate share of IPERS' net pension liability. The Hospital realizes this liability is not due and payable immediately. Rather the pension liability will be paid down over a period of time with the Hospital's future employer share of IPERS contributions.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Staff

This audit was performed by:
Rhonda M. Greene, CPA, Manager
James L. Smith, CPA, Senior Auditor
Addison R. Schmitz, CPA, Assistant Auditor

Andrew E. Nielsen, CPA Deputy Auditor of State